## Thermochemistry Practice Problems

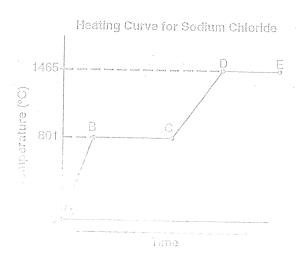
q=mcΔT	$q=mH_v$	$H_v = 2260 \text{ J/g}$	Specific Heat of Water
	$q=mH_f$ .	$H_f = 334 \text{ J/g}$	4.18 J/g°C

- 1. A student melts 230 g of ice by placing the ice in a beaker in a cold room at 0°C. How much heat did the ice absorb to melt completely at 0°C?
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- 3. A sample of water required removing 1000 J for it to melt. What was the mass of the water?
- 4. 500 g of water was heated from 1000 = 4500 using a hot pinte. How much heat was absorbed by the water?
- 5. 10,500 J of heat were added to a sample of water. The temperature changed from 25°C to 45°C. What was the mass of the water?
- 6. An ice cube was placed in 100 g of water at 20°C. The temperature of the water dropped to 4°C. when the ice completely melted. How much did the ice cube weigh?

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Base your answers to questions 58 through 60 on the information below.

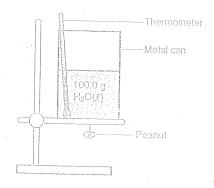
A 100.0-gram sample of NaCl(s) has an initial temperature of  $0^{\circ}$ C. A chemist measures the temperature of the sample as it is heated. Heat is *not* added at a constant rate. The heating curve for the sample is shown below.



- 58. Determine the temperature range ever which the entire NaCl sample is a liquid. [1]
- 59 Identify one line segment on the curve where the average kinetic energy of the particles of the NaCl sample is changing. [1]
- 60 Identify one line segment on the curve where the NaCl sample is in a single phase and capable of conducting electricity. [1]

Base your answers to questions 75 and 76 on the information of the

A student performed an experiment to determine the total amount of energy stored in a peanut. The accepted value for the energy content of a peanut is 30.2 billionles per green. The visible transmined 100.0 grams of easter then can all can and paced the can on a ring stand, as shown in the diagram below. The peanut was attached to a wire suspended under the can. The initial temperature of the water was recorded as 22.0°C. The peanut was ignited and allowed to burn. When the peanut finished burning, the final water temperature was recorded as 57.0°C. The student's experimental value for the energy content of this peanut was 25.9 kilojoules per gram.



- 75 In the space in your answer booklet, calculate the total amount of heat absorbed by the water. Your response must include both a correct numerical setup and the calculated result. [2]
- 76 Determine the student's percent error for the energy content of this peanut. [1]